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1
      jury.
 2
                       (Jury seated.)
 3
                       THE COURT: Y'all may be seated.
 4
                       Call your next.
                       MS. MAGNESS: State calls D. C.
 5
 6
      Lambright.
 7
                       THE COURT: All right.
 8
                       THE BAILIFF: Your Honor, this
 9
      witness has not been sworn.
10
                       THE COURT: All right. Come on up,
11
      sir.
12
                       THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.
13
                       THE COURT: Raise your right hand.
14
                       (Witness sworn.)
15
                       THE COURT: Have a seat, please.
16
                       You may proceed.
17
                       MS. MAGNESS: Thank you, Judge.
18
                           D. C. LAMBRIGHT,
19
      having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:
20
                          DIRECT EXAMINATION
21
     BY MS. MAGNESS:
22
              Q. Good morning.
23
              A. Good morning.
24
                  Will you introduce yourself to our jury,
              Q.
25
      please?
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- A. Good morning. I'm D. C. Lambright.
 - Q. And, Mr. Lambright, are you currently employed?
 - A. No, ma'am.
 - Q. Are you retired?
 - A. I am.

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- Q. How is that treating you?
- A. Very well.
- Q. Prior to retiring, who did you work for?
- 10 A. City of Houston Police Department.
 - Q. How many years did you serve with the department?
 - A. Twenty-seven years.
- Q. At the conclusion of your career, where were you assigned?
 - A. I was assigned to the Crime Scene Unit where I worked as a Crime Scene Investigator.
- Specifically I was assigned to the Vehicle
 Examination Building.
 - Q. And as part of your duties with that unit, what functions and activities did you perform?
- 22 A. The same functions and activities as a
 23 Crime Scene Investigator when they go to the scene,
 24 well, we do the same thing at the Vehicle Exam
 25 Building. We process vehicles used in or associated

- 1 with crimes. We document the vehicles. We collect 2 the evidence that is within or upon the vehicles, 3 process it just like you would a crime scene inside of a house, an apartment. The only difference is 4 this is a mobile crime scene.
 - Specifically with reference to this 0. case, did you conduct or process a vehicle associated with this homicide?
 - Α. Yes, I did.

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- And did that occur on Friday, November the 4th of 2011?
- Α. Yes, it did. That's when I began processing the vehicle.
- And tell us again where is that Vehicle Processing Exam Building located.
- It's located on Dart Street. It's often referred to as the Dart Lot, which is a storage lot for the Houston Police Department. And the Vehicle Examination Building or the Print Stall -- it's called both -- is where the vehicles are examined for evidence by myself or my partner.
- When a vehicle is removed from a crime scene, how does it get from the crime scene to the examination building?
 - A. It's usually brought in on the back of

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1
      either an Apple Towing wrecker or a City of Houston
2
      Police Department tow truck, and it is followed by a
 3
      Houston police officer to maintain the chain of
 4
      custody of that vehicle to ensure no one tampers
     with it.
 5
 6
                       MS. MAGNESS: May I approach the
7
      witness, Judge?
8
                       THE COURT: You may.
9
              Q.
                  (By Ms. Magness) I'm going to show you
10
      what's been marked for identification purposes as
11
      State's Exhibits 61 through 79.
12
              Α.
                  Yes, ma'am.
13
                  And then Items 80 and 82.
              Q.
14
                  Yes, ma'am.
              Α.
15
                  Do you recognize those photographs?
              0.
16
                  Yes, I do.
              Α.
17
              Q.
                  And are you the individual who took
18
      them?
19
                  Yes, I am.
              Α.
20
                  And are these the photographs that
21
      correspond to your examination of the vehicle in
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A. Yes, ma'am.

this case?

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24

25

Q. Okay. Give the jury a description of the vehicle that you examined, please.

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Yes, ma'am. This was a blue 2006
 1
              Α.
 2
      Chrysler Sebring, four-door; and it had Texas
 3
      license plate, reflecting from my offense report,
 4
      967-LMV.
 5
                       MS. MAGNESS: Tendering State's
 6
      Exhibits 61 through 79, State's Exhibits 80 and 82
 7
      to opposing counsel and offering them into evidence.
 8
                       (State's Exhibits No. 61 through 80
 9
      and 82, Photographs, offered.)
10
                       MR. CORNELIUS: No objection,
11
      Judge.
12
                       THE COURT:
                                  Without objection, 61
13
      through 82 are admitted.
                       I'm sorry. 61 through 80 and 82
14
15
      are admitted. There's no 81, right?
16
                       MS. MAGNESS: That is correct,
17
      Judge.
18
                       (State's Exhibits No. 61 through 80
19
      and 82 admitted.)
20
                       MS. MAGNESS: May I publish them,
21
      Judge?
22
                       THE COURT: You may.
23
                  (By Ms. Magness) All right. Upon
              Q.
24
      examination of this vehicle, what was the first
25
      thing that you noted?
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- A. Well, the first thing I noted was that
 the vehicle was torn up pretty badly. It had
 obviously been involved in some sort of crash.
 - Q. I'm showing the jury there State's
 Exhibit No. 61. I'm assuming all of that heavy
 front end damage is the condition that that vehicle
 arrived in?
 - A. Yes, ma'am.

- Q. When you were examining the vehicle, did it still have part of that chain-link fence sort of up underneath it?
 - A. I believe it did, yes.
- Q. And can you tell me about the condition of -- I believe it's the front tires?
 - A. The front tires were blown and separated from the rim.
 - Q. Was that indicative to you of some type of obvious impact coming into contact with a fence or some other -- some other item?
 - A. It could be caused by striking the curb, high impact, things of that nature. Yes, that's not uncommon for that to happen.
 - Q. I'm going to show the jury a few more pictures here. State's Exhibit No. 63, showing that front end damage. State's Exhibit 64, the shattered

windshield. And I think State's Exhibit No. 65 gives us some indication of that chain-link fence still wrapped around part of the vehicle and the condition of the tires and the rims?

A. Yes, ma'am.

- Q. On external examination of the vehicle, did you find evidence of bullet strikes?
 - A. Yes, I did.
- Q. And what location did you find evidence that the vehicle had been struck by a bullet?
- A. Upon the driver's side back door there were two bullet strikes, one upon the actual body of the door, the metal body. A grazing strike had struck that. It did not penetrate into the door itself. It simply struck and then went out into wherever.

The other bullet strike was upon the same driver's side back door on the window. The bullet had struck the window, penetrated into the cabin of the vehicle. It struck the upper back left of the driver's seat back support. That bullet then traveled through that back support and exited the front of the upper left back support of the driver's seat.

That bullet was no longer found. It was

- not recovered, and no further strikes from this
 bullet were located within that vehicle.
 - Q. So let's break that down a little bit.

 Let's start, first of all, State's

 Exhibit No. 78. Now, is that the photograph that

 you -- does that photograph depict the grazing

 bullet strike that you're referring to?
 - A. No, ma'am.

- Q. Okay. Which -- tell us what this photograph is depicting?
- A. This is some type of damage from the collision.
 - Q. Okay.
 - A. This is the front of the driver's door weather stripping at the back of the door. This right here (indicating) is the back of the door.

 This right here is going to be the back -- the front of the driver's back side door (indicating).
 - Q. Okay. Show me -- because I don't think
 I have a specific picture of the grazing strike that
 you're talking about.
 - A. We do. We do.
 - Q. We do? Can you help me find that?
 - A. Right there (indicating).
 - Q. There it is.

A. There you go. Leave it alone.

- Q. Okay. Just grabbed the wrong one.
 - A. Right there. That is the grazing strike upon the exterior side of the driver's side back door (indicating).
 - Q. Okay. That doesn't penetrate, correct?
 - A. Does not penetrate. And if you look right above it on the window, right there (indicating), that is the penetrating second bullet strike upon this vehicle.
 - Q. All right. Let's take a close-up look.

 Is that giving us a little closer look of that

 penetrating strike?
 - A. Yes, ma'am, it does. This is the hole which was created by a fired bullet. It struck upon this window (indicating). And the window is tinted, and window tinting will hold that glass in place.

 So that's why it didn't just collapse.
 - Q. Now, after entering the window of the vehicle, you indicated that it penetrated first the back of the driver's side seat?
 - A. Yes, ma'am.
 - Q. And I'm showing State's Exhibit No. 76.

 Is that what you're pointing to there in that photograph?

1 A. Yes. Yes, it is.

1.3

- Q. Okay. And then traveled through the seat and exited the front of the driver's seat?
 - A. Yes, ma'am.
- Q. Okay. Now, you don't find any secondary strike inside the vehicle to indicate that that bullet ever travels any further than through that seat?
- A. When it exited this front side of that seat right there, there's only one last place that that bullet went.
 - Q. And where is that?
 - A. Into the driver.
- Q. You -- you took some photographs during your processing to show the trajectory of that bullet. Let me find it real quick.

Starting with State's Exhibit No. 70, what is the purpose of these trajectory rods?

A. The trajectory rods are used in order to illustrate the path that a fired bullet took. When it strikes an object and goes through it and then strikes another object, we can use this trajectory rod to get the angle of where the bullet came from and the path it took. So it gives you a better, clearer idea, the bullet came from here, traveled

through the window, struck the back of the seat,
exited the front of the seat and would have kept
going in that direction just like that (indicating).

However, nothing was found after it exited the front of that seat. No other strikes upon the dash, the steering wheel, the floors, nothing. And since I cannot find where that bullet ended up, I presumed it's in the driver.

- Q. State's Exhibit No. 71 just gives us a secondary angle of that trajectory rod. And State's Exhibit No. 77 gives us a final view of that bullet passing through the driver's side seat?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. Okay. All right. State's Exhibit No. 79, what are you documenting here for us?
- A. This is a photograph of the front passenger floorboard of this vehicle. And the reason this photograph is taken is it shows several things of interest. No. 1, the Domino's Pizza here packaged there, so this person was obviously an employee of Domino's delivering pizzas. And there were boxes with pizzas in there.

It also shows this cardboard sheet laying there (indicating). Upon that cardboard sheet are -- is a running list of stickers. It

1 shows addresses, names, phone numbers, order time, delivery time or approximate delivery time. So this 2 3 is a running record of where this driver had been or and was going. I'm assuming it's for his records 4 5 with his company. 6 So we follow up with State's Exhibit No. 0. 7 You were documenting that that bag still 8 carried the pizza contents? 9 Yes, ma'am. There's a pizza box there, Α. 10 there, and hot wings (indicating). 11 And State's Exhibit No. 82, you have Ο. 12 taken a close-up of the sticker label on that box. 13 This is the delivery that was scheduled for 5430 Madden. What is the total amount on that delivery? 14 15 \$32.23 is what it shows. Α. 16 MS. MAGNESS: I'll pass the 17 witness. THE COURT: Mr. Cornelius? 18 19 CROSS-EXAMINATION 20 BY MR. CORNELIUS: 21 Q. Officer Lambright, we know each other; 22 but we've never talked about this case, right? 2.3 That's right, sir. Α. 24 We've talked about a lot of things. Ο. 25 Α. We've talked about lots together.

1 Q. All right. 2 MR. CORNELIUS: Judge, can I use 3 the system myself? 4 THE COURT: Yes, sir. 5 Ο. (By Mr. Cornelius) I'm going to put up State's 62. Talk about that. 6 7 MR. CORNELIUS: Can I approach the 8 witness, Judge? 9 THE COURT: Yes, sir. 10 Ο. (By Mr. Cornelius) I'm using this as my 11 imaginary car right here (indicating). So if -- if 12 this is the front of the car and these are the doors 13 in here (indicating), you're saying that there's a bullet strike or what you believe to be a bullet 14 15 strike on the door right here, this mark right there 16 (indicating)? 17 Α. Yes, sir. 18 And one a foot, 2 foot above it, half --Q. 19 1 1/2 feet, something like that? 20 Α. Sure. 21 0. So we've got one here (indicating) and 22 one above it? 2.3 A. Yes, sir. 24 So somebody could have gone boom, boom, Q. like that? 25

- 1 A. Correct.
- Q. That fast, too, probably?
- A. Probably.

- 4 Q. Now, you didn't make this scene, right?
- 5 A. No, sir, I did not.
 - Q. And I'm probably not -- I probably need to be a little more this way to have a shot go through the window, the back window, and actually still hit the driver (demonstrating)?
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. So probably more about like this (demonstrating) or depends on how far the car was away from the time it was shot, right?
 - A. Right.
 - Q. Would there be any way to get some sort of soot or stippling or something -- what people call powder burns out of either of these?
 - A. Well, the only way we would be able to do that -- I mean, we could do a tape lift upon those surfaces in the hopes of getting some powder; but all that would tell us was was the shooter 2 feet from the car, 5 feet from the car because the further away from that car you get the less likely you're going to leave powder.
 - Q. So if he wasn't a couple of feet from

- 1 the car, you wouldn't get any powder on there. If
- 2 he was 10 feet away, you wouldn't get powder. If he
- 3 was probably 5 feet away, you wouldn't get powder.
- 4 If he was 50 feet away, you wouldn't get powder.
 - A. I agree.

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- Q. You'd have to be on top of it for there to be powder?
 - A. Well, you'd have to be within a certain amount of distance. I'd say you may be able to find some burnt powder in the area of that area, but you wouldn't get stippling or anything unless that was right up against that car.
 - Q. Okay. Y'all didn't look for that?
- A. No, sir, I didn't.
- 15 Q. So there's no way that you know whether
 16 there was another bullet strike or other bullet
 17 strikes out at the scene because you never went out
 18 there?
 - A. You mean on the street or --
- Q. Yeah.
- A. -- or trees or houses?
- Q. Right.
- A. No, sir, I don't know that.
- 24 Q. Okay.
- MR. CORNELIUS: Let me just review

1 his report for just one second, Judge. 2 THE COURT: Yes, sir. 3 (Brief pause.) (By Mr. Cornelius) And, of course, the 4 Q. 5 back of the car, I mean, you checked it for bullet strikes? Α. Yes, sir. 8 Rear window is all intact, the whole 9 back of the car. The damage was in the front? 10 Α. The damage was in the front from the 11 collision. 12 From the collision. No bullet strikes Ο. 13 anyplace on the car that you could find? 14 Α. No, sir. 15 Q. Okay. Great to see you, but I don't 16 have any more questions. 17 Α. Great to see you. Thank you. 18 THE COURT: Ms. Magness. 19 MS. MAGNESS: One quick follow-up. 20 REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. MAGNESS: 21 22 Two bullet strikes on the car? Ο. 23 A. Correct. 24 We can't say which is first and which is Q. 25 second, can we?

1 Α. No, we cannot. 2 So it is just as likely that that shot Q. 3 through the window was the first shot fired and then 4 the second shot was the grazing one on the door? 5 Α. Correct. I mean, it could go either 6 way. Unless I was there, I can't tell you. 7 Got it. Ο. 8 MS. MAGNESS: No further questions. 9 THE COURT: May this witness be 10 excused? 11 MR. CORNELIUS: Yes, sir. 12 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, 13 Mr. Lambright. 14 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 15 THE COURT: Call your next, State. 16 MS. MAGNESS: The State calls 17 Dr. Kathryn Haden-Pinneri. 18 THE BAILIFF: Your Honor, this 19 witness has not been sworn. 20 THE COURT: Come on up, ma'am. 21 Please raise your right hand, Doctor. 22 (Witness sworn.) 2.3 THE COURT: Have a seat, please. 24 You may proceed. 25 MS. MAGNESS: Thank you, Judge.